Impact of the uncertainty of cross sections in GOMOS retrievals



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BMD and Bogumil et al. V3 cross sections

200 250 300 350 400 450 500 550 600 650 700nm

101 54	BMD218		
194.5	BMD228	F 650	
194.5	BMD243	520	
194.5	BMD273	519	
299.5	← BMD295	520	
195.0			-030
230.0	BOG203		→1070
230.0+	BOG223		→1070
230.0	BOG243		→1070
230.0	BOG273		1070
230.0	BOG293		→1070
250 🛶	GOMOS UV-VIS	67	5





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Difference about -1%















GOMOS retrieval and spectral ranges





Retrieval with BMD and Bogumil at 293/295 K

- BMD vs Bogumil relative difference.
- Statistics of 10 occultations (Star number 2, Mv=-0.7, T=7000K)





Goodness of fit: Chi2 values

• Mixed results:







0.6 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.1 325 330 335 340 345 350 355 360 365 Wavelength (nm)

Median transmission and ESA model at:30 kn

- · No clear difference in the residuals
- Due to fixed T (293/295K) used in the test the fit is not optimal
- Operational GOMOS algorithm shows better fit when eff T is computed from ECMWF T.











- For GOMOS retrieval needs the BMD data set is incomplete in spectral and temperature coverage.
- BMD and Bogumil et. al differ considerably. BMD values are on average smaller than Bogumil values.
- GOMOS retrievals with BMD cross section show 1-1.5% higher ozone values than Bogumil except in 40-60 km where the results are close to each other.
- Fitting capabilities are similar.





Recommendations

- 1. GOMOS: BDM measurements should be extended to 250-700 nm with all temperatures.
- 2. Temperature coverage of ozone cross sections should be extended below 200K.
- 3. GOMOS data together with measurements independent of UV-visible cross sections could be used to "decide" which cross sections are closer the ones used by nature.